

Chapter 8 Polygons

Activity 1 Classifying Triangles

1 $AB = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle BAC = \underline{60^\circ}$
 $BC = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle ABC = \underline{60^\circ}$
 $AC = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle ACB = \underline{60^\circ}$

Triangle ABC is a / an equilateral triangle.

2 $DE = \underline{2.5}$ cm $m\angle EDF = \underline{90^\circ}$
 $EF = \underline{3.9}$ cm $m\angle DEF = \underline{50^\circ}$
 $DF = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle DFE = \underline{40^\circ}$

Triangle DEF is a / ~~an~~ scalene triangle.

3 $GH = \underline{3.4}$ cm $m\angle HGJ = \underline{18^\circ}$
 $HJ = \underline{2}$ cm $m\angle GHJ = \underline{112^\circ}$
 $GJ = \underline{4.5}$ cm $m\angle GJH = \underline{50^\circ}$

Triangle GHI is a / ~~an~~ scalene triangle.

4 $KL = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle LKM = \underline{32^\circ}$
 $LM = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle KLM = \underline{116^\circ}$
 $KM = \underline{5.1}$ cm $m\angle KML = \underline{32^\circ}$

Triangle KLM is a / an isosceles triangle.

5 $NO = \underline{4}$ cm $m\angle NOP = \underline{45^\circ}$
 $OP = \underline{5.7}$ cm $m\angle ONP = \underline{90^\circ}$
 $NP = \underline{5.4}$ cm $m\angle NPO = \underline{45^\circ}$

Triangle NOP is a / an isosceles triangle.

6 $QR = \underline{3.5}$ cm $m\angle RQS = \underline{86^\circ}$
 $RS = \underline{4.8}$ cm $m\angle QRS = \underline{47^\circ}$
 $QS = \underline{3.5}$ cm $m\angle QSR = \underline{47^\circ}$

Triangle QRS is a / an isosceles triangle.

7 $TU = \underline{3}$ cm $m\angle UTV = \underline{118^\circ}$
 $UV = \underline{6}$ cm $m\angle TUV = \underline{36^\circ}$
 $TV = \underline{4}$ cm $m\angle TVU = \underline{26^\circ}$

Triangle TUV is a / ~~an~~ scalene triangle.

8 $WX = \underline{4}$ cm $m\angle XWY = \underline{60^\circ}$
 $XY = \underline{4}$ cm $m\angle WXY = \underline{60^\circ}$
 $WY = \underline{4}$ cm $m\angle WYX = \underline{60^\circ}$

Triangle WXY is a / an equilateral triangle.

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Triangles		
Equilateral	Isosceles	Scalene
A	C	F
B	D	H
G	E	I
J	K	
L	M	

- 10 a All the sides are of equal length, and all three angles are equal.
 b Two sides are of equal length, and the angles opposite the equal sides are equal.
 c The three sides have different lengths, and the sizes of all three angles are different.

11 Yes

12 Yes, when all the sides are equal.

13 Yes

14 No